

Robolux multiple-way diaphragm valve Robolux Mehrwege-Membranventil Vanne à membrane multivoies Robolux



Quickstart

English Deutsch Français

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Operating Instructions 2211/04\_EU-ML\_00810360 / Original DE

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### 1 QUICKSTART

The Quickstart describe in a short form the importantly information and instructions for use of the device. A detailed description of the device can be found in the operating instructions for Type 2036.

Keep these instructions in a location which is easily accessible to every user, and make these instructions available to every new owner of the device.

### Important safety information.

Read Quickstart carefully and thoroughly. Study in particular the chapters entitled "Basic safety instructions" and "Intended use".

Quickstart must be read and understood.



The operating instructions can be found on the Internet at: country.burkert.com

## 1.1 Definition of term / abbreviation

In these instructions, the term 'device' always refers to the Robolux Multiway Diaphragm Valve Type 2036.

In these instructions, the term 'Diaphragm Valve' always refers to the Robolux Multiway Diaphragm Valve Type 2036.



Ex area: stands for potentially explosive area. Ex approval: stands for approval in the potentially explosive area.



Authorized use

# 1.2 Symbols



### DANGER!

Warns of an immediate danger.

Failure to observe the warning will result in a fatal or serious injury.



#### WARNING!

Warns of a potentially dangerous situation.

Failure to observe the warning may result in serious injuries or death.



#### **CAUTION!**

Warns of a possible danger.

Failure to observe this warning may result in a moderate or minor injury.

### NOTE!

Warns of damage to property.



Indicates important tips and recommendations.



Refers to information in these operating instructions or in other documentation.

- ▶ Indicates an instruction to prevent risks.
- → Designates a procedure which you must carry out.

### 2 AUTHORIZED USE

Improper use of the Robolux multiway diaphragm valve Type 2036 may represent a hazard to persons, neighboring equipment and the environment.

The device is designed for controlling the flow-rate of liquid media.

- ▶ In the potentially explosion-risk area the device may be used only according to the specification on the separate Ex type label. For use observe the additional information enclosed with the device together.
- ► The approved data, the operating conditions and conditions of use specified in the contract documents, operating instructions and on the type label are to be observed during use.
- Protect device from damaging environmental influences (e.g. radiation, humidity, steam, etc.). If anything is unclear, consult the relevant sales office.
- Use the device only in conjunction with third-party devices and components recommended and authorized by Bürkert.
- Correct transportation, storage, and installation, as well as careful use and maintenance are essential for reliable and faultless operation.
- ▶ Use the device only as intended.



### 3 BASIC SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

These safety instructions do not make allowance for any

- Contingencies and events which may arise during the installation, operation, and maintenance of the devices.
- Local safety regulations the operator is responsible for observing these regulations, also in relation to the installation personnel.



#### DANGER!

Risk of injury from high pressure in the equipment / device.

Before working on equipment or device, switch off the pressure and deaerate / drain lines.

Risk of electric shock (when electrical component installed).

- Before working on equipment or device, switch off the power supply and secure to prevent reactivation.
- Observe applicable accident prevention and safety regulations for electrical equipment.



### **WARNING!**

Risk of injury caused by the spring jumping out when the actuator is opened.

► The actuator must not be opened.



### **WARNING!**

### Risk of burns.

The surface of the device may become hot during long-term operation.

▶ Do not touch the device with bare hands.

Risk of being crushed by moving spindle ends.

► Install transparent cap.

Danger due to loud noises.

Depending on the operating conditions, the device may generate loud noises. More detailed information on the likelihood of loud noises is available from the relevant sales office.

- ▶ Wear hearing protection when in the vicinity of the device.
- ▶ Observe the noise pressure level in the technical data.



### **CAUTION!**

Leaking medium when the diaphragm is worn.

- ▶ Regularly check relief bore for leaking medium.
- If medium is leaking out of the relief bore, change the diaphragm.
- ► If the media is hazardous, protect the area surrounding the discharge point against dangers.



General information

### Generally hazardous situations.

### To prevent injuries:

- ► Ensure that the system cannot be activated unintentionally.
- Installation and repair work may be carried out by authorized technicians only and with the appropriate tools.
- Do not transport, install or remove heavy devices without the aid of a second person and using suitable auxiliary equipment.
- After an interruption in the electrical or pneumatic supply, ensure that the process is restarted in a defined or controlled manner.
- ► The device must only be operated when in a perfect condition and in consideration of the operating instructions.
- Observe the safety regulations specific to the plant for application planning and operation of the device.
- ► The plant operator is responsible for the safe operation and handling of the plant.

### To prevent material damage:

- Supply only media to the media connections that are specified in chapter "5 Technical Data" as flow media.
- Do not place the valve under mechanical stress (e.g. by placing objects on it or standing on it).
- Do not make any external alterations to the valves. Do not apply paint to body parts or screws.

### 4 GENERAL INFORMATION

### 4.1 Contact address

### Germany

Bürkert Fluid Control Systems Sales Center Christian-Bürkert-Str. 13-17 D-74653 Ingelfingen Tel. + 49 (0) 7940 - 10 91 111 Fax + 49 (0) 7940 - 10 91 448 Fmail: info@burkert.com

#### International

Contact addresses can be found on the final pages of the printed operating instructions.

And also on the Internet at: country.burkert.com

# 4.2 Warranty

The warranty is only valid if the diaphragm valve is used as intended in accordance with the specified application conditions.

# 4.3 Information on the Internet

The operating instructions and data sheets for Types 2036 can be found on the Internet at: country.burkert.com

**Technical Data** 



### 5 TECHNICAL DATA

### 5.1 Standards and directives

The device complies with the relevant EU harmonisation legislation. In addition, the device also complies with the requirements of the laws of the United Kingdom.

The harmonised standards that have been applied for the conformity assessment procedure are listed in the current version of the EU Declaration of Conformity/UK Declaration of Conformity.

# 5.2 Approvals

Ex version, with separate Ex type label:

The Ex version may be used in the potentially explosive area. In doing so, observe the specifications on the separate Ex type label and the additional information enclosed with the device together with safety instructions for the Ex area.

# 5.3 Operating conditions

Degree of protection<sup>1)</sup> IP65/IP67 in accordance with

IEC 529 / EN 60529

Ambient temperature 0 – +60 °C<sup>2)</sup>

higher temperatures on request

Relative humidity max. 80 % (non-condensing)

# 5.4 Control functions (CF)

Control function (CF)	Description	
2(A),(P) 	CF: A, pneumatically operated open / close valve 2/2-way bidirectional clossed by spring action	
2(B),(P) T V V V 1(P),(B)	CF: B, pneumatically operated open / close valve 2/2-way bidirectional open by spring action.	

# 5.5 Mechanical data

Dimensions see data sheet

Materials and connections see data sheet or operating

instructions

Noise pressure level < 70 dB (A)

To comply with the degree of protection IP65 / IP67 on the pilot air port which is not required (for CFA, NC and CFB, NO), install an exhaust air line in the dry area.

<sup>2)</sup> If a control unit or a pilot valve is used, the max. ambient temperature is +55 °C.



**Technical Data** 

#### Fluidic data 56

Media

flow media ultra-pure, sterile, aggressive,

Media pressure see chapter "5.6.1 Pressure ranges"

Media temperature

stainless steel / EPDM +5 to +130 °C

(max. +140 °C for 60 min.)

stainless steel /

Advanced PTFF +5 to +90 °C

(no steam)

stainless steel /

Gylon +15 to +130 °C

(max. +140 °C for 60 min.)

Pilot medium Neutral gases, dry air (min. 10 K

below min. operating temperature),

preferably unoiled

Pilot pressure3) 6 - 10 bar (RV50, RV70)

6 - 7 bar (RV110)

from 4.2 bar (with reduced medium

pressure) on request

### 5.6.1 Pressure ranges

Pilot pressure and operation pressure for CFA, NC

Values for stainless steel valve body

	Actuator version <sup>4)</sup>	Pilot pressure [bar] <sup>5)</sup>	Test criter- ion	Max. operation pressure [bar] <sup>5)</sup>		
Size				EPDM	Advanced PTFE / EPDM	Gylon / EPDM
	D11, D12, D21	610	Static	7,5	7,5	5,5
RV50			Dynamic	6,5	5,5	4,5
L LASO	DEE	4,210	Static	5,0	3,5	-
	D55		Dynamic	4,0	2,5	-
	D11, D12, D21	610	Static	8,0	8,0	5,5
RV70			Dynamic	6,0	6,0	5,0
NV/U	DEE	4,210	Static	5,5	6,0	4,5
	D55		Dynamic	3,5	4,0	4,0
	D11, D12, D21	67	Static	7,0	7,5	6,0
RV110			Dynamic	5,0	5,5	5,0
וואחן	D55 4,27	10.7	Static	5,0	5,0	4,0
		4,21	Dynamic	3,0	3,0	3,0

Tab. 1: Pilot pressure and operation pressure

Pressure values [bar]: Overpressure with respect to atmospheric pressure

<sup>4)</sup> See type label.

<sup>5)</sup> Pressure values [bar]: Overpressure with respect to atmospheric pressure

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Technical Data



### Remarks

## Static leak-tightness:

Valve is closed (diaphragm is in contact with the body seat). One side of the body seat is under pressure. At the given pressure no leakage takes place via the body seat.

### Dynamic leak-tightness:

Valve is open and the medium is flowing through it. The downstream flow is only slightly throttled by components placed downstream. Both sides of the body seat are under pressure. The valve is closed (CFA, NC via spring force; CFB, NO via pilot pressure). At the given pressure the valve closes onto the body seat and the seal is complete.

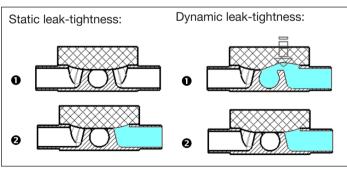


Fig. 1: Static and dynamic leak-tightness

### Pilot pressure and operation pressure for CFB, NO

The following graphs illustrate the required minimum pilot pressure depending on the medium pressure for control function B.

Permitted pilot pressure range: 2 – 7 bar.



The pilot pressure should be selected to be as low as possible to reduce wear on the diaphragm.

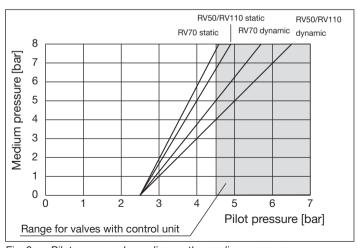
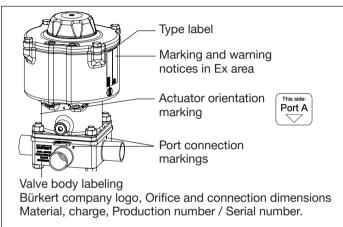


Fig. 2: Pilot pressure depending on the medium pressure



Assembly

#### 5.7 Valve marking



Valve marking Fig. 3:

# 5.7.1 Type label

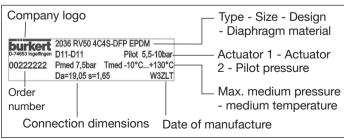


Fig. 4: Type label

#### 6 **ASSEMBLY**

#### 6.1 Safety instructions



### DANGER!

Risk of injury from high pressure in the equipment / device.

▶ Before working on equipment or device, switch off the pressure and deaerate / drain lines.



#### **WARNING!**

Risk of injury from improper assembly.

▶ Installation must only be carried out by authorized technicians and with the appropriate tools.

Risk of injury from unintentional activation of the system and uncontrolled restart.

- Secure system from unintentional activation.
- ► Following assembly, ensure a controlled restart.



#### **CAUTION!**

Risk of injury due to a heavy device.

A heavy device can fall down during transport or during installation and cause injuries.

- ► Transport, install and dismantle a heavy device with the help of another person.
- ► Use appropriate tools.



### 6.2 Before installation

- · Before connecting the valve, ensure the pipelines are flush.
- · Pay attention to the flow direction.

### 6.2.1 Installation position

- The piston-controlled diaphragm valve can be installed in any position, preferably with connection B downwards.
- Installation for self-drainage of the valve body: see chapter "Valve self-draining" in operating instruction.

# 6.2.2 Preparatory work

- → Clean pipelines (sealing material, swarf, etc.).
- → Support and align pipelines.

#### Devices with welded connection

#### NOTE!

Damage to diaphragm or actuator.

Before welding in the valve body disassemble the actuator and diaphragm.

Remove the actuator from the valve body:

- → Move the actuator to the upper actuator position (CFA, NC: by applying pilot pressure; CFB, NO: by removing the pilot pressure).
- → Mark the position of the actuator in relation to the valve body.
- → Unscrew the four body screws that connect the valve body with the actuator. Remove the actuator and the diaphragm.

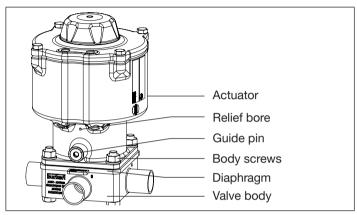


Fig. 5: Assembly

### 6.3 Installation



### **WARNING!**

Risk of injury from improper assembly.

Non-compliance with the tightening torques is dangerous due to possible discharge of medium and possible release of pressure.

▶ Observe the tightening torque (see "Tab. 2").

#### NOTE!

When installing the device in the system, note:

The device and the relief bore must be accessible.



Assembly

### 6.3.1 Installing the valve body

### Welded connection

→ Weld valve body in pipeline system.

### Other valve body designs

→ Connect valve body to pipeline.

# 6.3.2 Installing the actuator (welded connection)

- → Move the actuator to the upper actuator position (CFA, NC: by applying pilot pressure; CFB, NC: by removing the pilot pressure).
- → Put the actuator / diaphragm on the valve body with correct alignment (so that the markings made previously align). In the case of RV110 the four spacer sleeves must be inserted in the designated body holes (see "Fig. 6: Spacer sleeve").
- → Tighten the diagonally opposed body screws / nuts until there is visible, uniform mechanical contact between the valve body, diaphragm and actuator.
- → Switch the diaphragm valve twice.

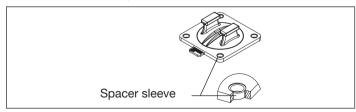


Fig. 6: Spacer sleeve

#### **WARNING!**

Risk of injury from discharge of medium and release of pressure.

- ► Tighten the body screws sufficiently (see "Tab. 2").
- → Move the actuator to the lower actuator position (CFA, NC: by removing pilot pressure; CFB, NO: by applying the pilot pressure).
- → Tighten body screws in diagonal pairs in three stages (approx. 1/3, approx. 2/3, 3/3 of the tightening torque), according to "Tab. 2".

The diaphraam should be positioned and pressed evenly all around the actuator and valve body.

Size	Tightening torque [Nm]
RV50	6
RV70	17
RV110	30

Tab. 2: Tightening torque

Assembly



### 6.4 Pneumatic connection



#### **WARNING!**

Risk of injury from unsuitable connection hoses.

Hoses which cannot withstand the pressure and temperature range may result in hazardous situations.

- Use only hoses which are authorized for the indicated pressure and temperature range.
- Observe the data sheet specifications from the hose manufacturers.

## 6.4.1 Connection of the pilot medium



To comply with the degree of protection IP65 / IP67 on the pilot air port which is not required (for CFA, NC and CFB, NO), install an exhaust air line in the dry area.

For the assignment of pilot air ports refer to the installation and dimensional drawing included with delivery of the valve.

The use of pneumatic hose with a minimum size of 6/4 mm is recommended. For longer hose lengths the hose cross-sections should be adapted accordingly.



In aggressive surroundings and in situations where moisture could enter the actuator via the exhaust air port or muffler the exhaust air should be collected and ducted to a non-critical location.

### Control function A:

→ Connect the control medium to the pilot air port 1 and / or 3 (see "Fig. 7").

#### Control function B:

→ Connect the control medium to the pilot air port 2 and / or 4 (see "Fig. 7").

#### Silencer

→ Connect the silencer into the free air discharge connection (see "Fig. 7").

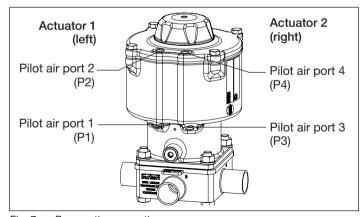


Fig. 7: Pneumatic connection



Electrical control unit

Actuator	Actuator 1		Actuator 2	
version	CF	Connection	CF	Connection
D11, D55 CFA / CFA (NC / NC)	CFA, NC	Pilot air → P1 P2: air discharge	CFA, NC	Pilot air → P3 P4: air discharge
D12 CFA / CFB (NC / NO)	CFA, NC	Pilot air —▶ P1 P2: air discharge	CFB, NO	Pilot air → P4 P3: air discharge
D21 CFB / CFA (NO / NC)	CFB, NO	Pilot air → P2 P1: air discharge	CFA, NC	Pilot air → P3 P4: air discharge
D22 CFB / CFB (NO / NO)	CFB, NO	Pilot air → P2 P1: air discharge	CFB, NO	Pilot air → P4 P3: air discharge

Tab. 3: Pneumatic connection for actuator versions.

CFA. NC: Valve normally closed by spring action CFB, NO: Valve normally open by spring action

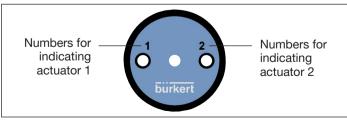


Fig. 8: Cover film

### **ELECTRICAL CONTROL UNIT**



The electrical connection of the pilot valve / control unit is described in the operating instructions for the pilot valve / control unit.

### DISASSEMBLY



#### **DANGER!**

Risk of injury from discharge of medium and release of pressure.

It is dangerous to remove a device which is under pressure due to the sudden release of pressure or discharge of medium.

▶ Before removing a device, switch off the pressure and vent the lines.



If the valve is to be reused after removal, the actuator must be removed before disassembly where welded bodies are involved. For this, refer to the assembly instructions.

- → Loosen pneumatic connection.
- → Remove device



# 9 MAINTENANCE, CLEANING

# 9.1 Servicing intervals

Check the diaphragm valves regularly for proper operation in terms of assembly, installation and operation.

# 9.2 Servicing work



Do not repair the device yourself, but replace it with an equivalent device. Repairs may be performed by the manufacturer only.

### 9.2.1 Actuator

The actuator of the diaphragm valve is maintenance-free provided it is used according to these operating instructions.

## 9.2.2 Wearing parts of the diaphragm valve

The diaphragm is subject to wear.

→ If leakage occurs replace the diaphragm.



A bulging diaphragm may reduce the flow rate.



The replacement of the wearing parts is described in the operating instruction in chapter "Repairs".

# 9.3 Cleaning

#### NOTE!

Avoid causing damage with cleaning agents.

► Before cleaning, check that the cleaning agents are compatible with the device materials.

### 10 SPARE PARTS



### **CAUTION!**

Risk of injury and / or damage by the use of incorrect parts.

Incorrect accessories and unsuitable spare parts may cause injuries and damage the device and the surrounding area.

 Use original accessories and original spare parts from Bürkert only.

The diaphragm is available as a spare part for the diaphragm valve Type 2036.



If you have any queries, please contact your Bürkert sales office.



Malfunctions

#### 11 **MALFUNCTIONS**

Malfunction	Cause / remedial action			
Actuator	Pilot air port interchanged <sup>6)</sup>			
does not switch	CFA: Connect the pilot air port 1 and / or 3			
	CFB: Connect the pilot air port 2 and / or 4			
	Pilot pressure too low See pressure specifications on the type label.			
	Medium pressure too high See pressure specifications on the type label.			
Valve is not sealed	Medium pressure too high See pressure specifications on the type label.			
	Pilot pressure too low See pressure specifications on the type label.			
	Actuator is rotated by 90° and installed opposite the valve body.			
	→ Guide pin, identification plate and body seats must be aligned in parallel.			
Flow rate	Diaphragm bulging			
reduced	→ Replace diaphragm.			

Tab. 4: Malfunctions

#### TRANSPORT, STORAGE, 12 PACKAGING

#### NOTE!

### Transport damage.

Inadequately protected devices may be damaged during transportation.

- ▶ Protect the device against moisture and dirt in shock-resistant packaging during transportation.
- ▶ Prevent the temperature from exceeding or dropping below the permitted storage temperature.
- ▶ Protect the pneumatic connections from damage by placing protective caps on them.

# Incorrect storage may damage the device.

- ▶ Store the device in a dry and dust-free location.
- ► Storage temperature 0 +60 °C.

If the device is stored with tightened body screws, the diaphragm may be permanently deformed.

▶ If the device is stored for a prolonged period, slacken the body screws.

## Environmentally friendly disposal



- ► Follow national regulations regarding disposal and the environment.
- ► Collect electrical and electronic devices separately and dispose of them as special waste.

Further information country.burkert.com.

see "Fig. 7: Pneumatic connection".



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